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Symphony No. 2

Neil Anderson-Himmelspace



FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY

COLLEGE OF MUSIC

SYMPHONY NO. 2

By

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in partial fulfillment of the
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ABSTRACT

Symphony No. 2 is an attempt at synthesizing differing musical styles into a single cohesive symphonic work. The musical styles that are consciously alluded to in the symphony are the block textures of Stravinsky and Xenakis, 19th c. lyricism of Brahms and Mahler, aleatoric passages similar to that of Lutosławski and Corigliano, spectral orchestration of Grisey and Lindberg, and the melodic and harmonic language of Berg and Ives. I started composing this piece by improvising on an (012) trichord. I wanted to see if I could successfully compose a piece using highly chromatic materials. I extended the (012) trichord into a motive that is pervasive throughout the piece. The thematic material reveals itself in all of the movements except the prologue. The thematic unity allows the piece to be performed straight through without pause; except for the end of the first movement where there is an inclusion of a grand pause.

The Prologue is a quasi-fanfare that is in three sections. This brief A section, mm.1-13, explodes quickly into a boisterous repetition by the brass and percussion that followed by a brief moment of silence. The B section, mm. 15-27, is characterized by the timpani and chimes making a declamation and then being answered by the woodwinds. This happens three times. The third timpani and chimes declamation is answered by the entire orchestra making a dramatic reinterpretation of the boisterous repetition of the first A section, mm. 28-39. The prologue leads directly into the first movement.

Movement I is a sonata form with a very short recapitulation. The sections are as follows; A mm. 40-52, B mm. 55-86, closing mm. 89-104. Section A is rhythmically inspired and is in stark contrast to the lyrical B section. The development is heard in mm. 114-209 and develops primarily the B section material. The recapitulation is heard from mm. 210-225 and uses only the A and the closing sections. Movement I ends with a coda that has the timpani make a solo declamation of the material heard in the prologue.

The melodic material from section B that is presented in the first movement is the primary melodic material that is used throughout the rest of the symphony. The initial melodic fragment, mm. 55-57, is highly chromatic seven note pitch collection.

Movement II has three sections that each end with a climactic moment, A mm.243-265, B mm. 266-282, C mm. 282-295. After the climactic moment the energy level backs off immediately and the energy begins building again. An introduction and coda frame the three waves of energy heard in the second movement.

The second movement employs a 12-tone serial technique as its primary melodic and harmonic framework. This technique is not strictly used. There are moments where esthetic musical intuition prevails over adherence to the serial technique. The row as it was conceived is performed by the first violins in mm. 238-243.

Movement III is parsed into three sections similar to the Prologue and Movement II. The first section is from mm. 32-369, the second is from mm. 370-401, and the third mm. 401-435.

There is a coda at the end of this movement that opens the dense texture that has been used throughout this movement into a much more transparent orchestration.

The solo viola that opens the movement is the first thing that was written for the Symphony. This line is the generator for most of the melodic material for the entire symphony. For example, the first six pitches, excluding grace notes, of the viola line were used as a spectral chaconne in the development section of the first movement. Another way the viola line was worked into the piece was using the quintuplet from m. 331 as the melody in the coda of the third movement. These are just two of the many places that the viola solo contributes to the melodic and harmonic framework of Symphony No. 2.

INSTRUMENTATION

1 Piccolo
2 Flutes
2 Oboes
1 English Horn
1 Clarinet in Eb
2 Clarinets in Bb
1 Bass Clarinet
2 Bassoons
1 Contrabassoon

4 Horns in F
3 Trumpets in C
2 Trombones
1 Bass Trombone
2 Tubas

Timpani (cymbal needed for roll on timpani head)

Percussion (4 Players)

- 1) Chimes, Vibes, Xylophone, Brake Drum,
- 2) 4 Tom-Toms, Bongos, Glockenspiel, Congas, Large Tam-Tam, Marimba (5 *8va*),
Timbales
- 3) Bass Drum, Large Tam-Tam, Splash Cymbal, Guiro, Bongos, Brake Drum,
Tambourine
- 4) Snare Drum, 2 Woodblocks (pitched high and low), Suspended Cymbal, Castanets,
Crash Cymbals, Ride Cymbal, Tambourine, Thunder Sheet

Violin I (10)*

Violin II (8)*

Viola (6)*

Cello (6)*

Contrabass (4, at least 2 with a “C” extension)*

* (Indicates minimum players required)

Prologue

♩ = 60

Score for Symphony No. 2, Prologue, featuring various instruments including Piccolo, Flute 1, Flute 2, Oboe 1, 2, English Horn, Clarinet in E♭ 1, Clarinet in B♭ 1, 2, Bass Clarinet, Bassoon 1, 2, Contrabassoon, Horn in F 1, 2, Horn in F 3, 4, Trumpet in C 1, Trumpet in C 2, 3, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timpani, Percussion 1, Percussion 2, Percussion 3, Percussion 4, Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Contrabass. The score includes dynamic markings (mf, n, f, p, mp, pp) and performance instructions (flutter tongue, Snare Drum Snares Off, Snares On).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

*Grace notes in Perc. 2 part
are before the beat.

♩ = 75

Picc. flutter tongue

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

Ε♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

♩ = 60

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The notation is in standard musical notation, with staves for each instrument. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Large numbers '2', '4', and '5' are placed above the staves, likely indicating measure numbers or rehearsal marks. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'f' (forte) and 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The instruments listed on the left include Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob., E. Hn., Eb Cl. 1, Bb Cl. 1, 2, B. Cl., Bsn. 1, 2, C. Bn., Hn. 1, 2, Hn. 3, 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, 3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timp., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, Perc. 3, Perc. 4, Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vlc., and Cbs.

Picc. *mp* *n*
 Fl. 1 *f* *p*
 Fl. 2 *n*
 Ob. *n*
 E. Hn. *f* *p*
 E♭ Cl. 1 *f* *p*
 B♭ Cl. 1, 2 *f* *p*
 B. Cl. *f* *p*
 Bsn. 1, 2 *f* *p*
 C. Bn. *f* *p*
 Hn. 1, 2 *f*
 Hn. 3, 4 *f*
 C Tpt. 1 *f*
 C Tpt. 2, 3 *f*
 Tbn. 1 *n*
 Tbn. 2, 3 *n*
 Tuba 1, 2 *n*
 Timp. *f*
 Perc. 1 *f*
 Perc. 2 *f*
 Perc. 3 *f*
 Perc. 4 *n*
 Vln. I *f*
 Vln. II *mf*
 Vla. *mf*
 Vlc. *n* *f*
 Cbs. *n* *f*

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

[illegible]

Movement I

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple staves, including woodwinds (Piccolo, Flutes 1 and 2, Oboe, English Horn, E♭ Clarinet 1, B♭ Clarinets 1 and 2, Bass Clarinet, Bassoon 1 and 2, Contrabassoon), brass (Horn 1 and 2, Horn 3 and 4, Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2 and 3, Trombone 1, Trombone 2 and 3, Tuba 1 and 2), percussion (Timpani, Percussion 1, Percussion 2, Percussion 3, Percussion 4), and strings (Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and articulation marks. Large numbers 4 and 5 are prominently displayed on the staves, indicating measures or sections. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with dynamic markings (p, f, ff, mf) and articulation marks (accents, slurs) used throughout.

*All parts played independantly.
Every player can play in their
own tempo.

This page of the musical score contains measures 45 through 50. The instruments listed on the left are Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob., E. Hn., E♭ Cl. 1, B♭ Cl. 1, 2, B. Cl., Bsn. 1, 2, C. Bn., Hn. 1, 2, Hn. 3, 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, 3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timp., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, Perc. 3, Perc. 4, Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vlc., and Cbs. The score is divided into measures 45 through 50. Large numbers '4' and '5' are placed above the staves to indicate the number of measures in each system. The music includes various instruments like Piccolo, Flutes, Oboes, Horns, Trumpets, Trombones, Tuba, Timpani, Bowed Vibes, Percussion, Violins, Violas, Violoncellos, and Contrabass. Dynamics such as *f*, *mf*, and *mp* are indicated throughout the score.

51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59

Picc. *p* *f* *p* *mf*

Fl. 1 *p* *f* *p* *mf*

Fl. 2 *p* *f* *p* *mf*

Ob. *p* *f* *p* *mf*

E. Hn. *p* *mf* *p* *mf*

E♭ Cl. 1 *p* *f* *p* *mf*

B♭ Cl. 1, 2 *p* *f* *n* *mf*

B. Cl. *p* *f* *n* *mf*

Bsn. 1, 2 *p* *f* *n* *mf*

C. Bn. *p* *f* *n* *mf*

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp. *f* [Vibes w/ Yarn Mallets] *f*

Perc. 1 *f* *f*

Perc. 2 *f*

Perc. 3 *f*

Perc. 4 *p* *f*

Vln. I *mf* *f*

Vln. II *mf* *f*

Vla. *mf* *f*

Vlc. *f*

Cbs. *f*

*All parts played independantly.
Every player can play in their
own tempo.

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

13

This page contains the musical notation for measures 79 through 86. The instrumentation includes:

- Picc.
- Fl. 1
- Fl. 2
- Ob.
- E. Hn.
- E♭ Cl. 1
- B♭ Cl. 1, 2
- B. Cl.
- Bsn. 1, 2
- C. Bn.
- Hn. 1, 2
- Hn. 3, 4
- C Tpt. 1
- C Tpt. 2, 3
- Tbn. 1
- Tbn. 2, 3
- Tuba 1, 2
- Timp.
- Perc. 1
- Perc. 2
- Perc. 3
- Perc. 4
- Vln. I
- Vln. II
- Vla.
- Vlc.
- Cbs.

The score features various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (*mf*, *n*, *p*, *f*), articulation (>, <), and performance instructions like "Bongos w/ Sticks". Large numbers "4" and "5" are positioned at the end of several staves, possibly indicating measure counts or rehearsal points.

*Begin gliss at the attack.

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

87

88

89

90

91

92

16

C

Picc.



n < *mf*

Fl. 1



n < *mf*

Fl. 2



n < *mf*

Ob.



n < *mf*

E. Hn.



n < *mf*

E♭ Cl. 1



n < *mf*

B♭ Cl. 1, 2



mf

B. Cl.



n < *mf*

Bsn. 1, 2



f *n* < *mf* *mf*

C. Bn.



f *n* < *mf* *n*

Hn. 1, 2



p < *f* flutter tongue *n* < *f* > *n*

Hn. 3, 4



p < *f* flutter tongue *n* < *f* > *n*

C Tpt. 1



p < *f* straight mute *n* < *mf*

C Tpt. 2, 3



p < *f* a 2.

Tbn. 1



p *f* straight mute *n* < *mf*

Tbn. 2, 3



p *f* straight mute *n* < *mf*

Tuba 1, 2



p *f* a 2. *ff* *mf*

Timp.



Bowed Vibes

Perc. 1



mf

Perc. 2



Perc. 3



f

Perc. 4



Suspended Cymbal w/ bow *mf*

Vln. I



n *mf* *pizz.* *n*

Vln. II



n *mf* *pizz.* *n*

Vla.



n *mf* *pizz.* *n*

Vlc.



n *mf* *pizz.* *n*

Cbs.



f *n* *ff* *mf*

103104105106107108109110111112113114115116117

*All parts played independantly.
Every player can play in their
own tempo.

17

18

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165

24

*All parts played independantly.
Every player can play in their
own tempo.

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198

199 200 201 202 203

44

29

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony, covering measures 220 to 223. The score is written for a large orchestra, including woodwinds, brass, percussion, and strings. The time signature is 5/4. The score features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The instruments listed on the left include Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob., E. Hn., E♭ Cl. 1, B♭ Cl. 1, 2, B. Cl., Bsn. 1, 2, C. Bn., Hn. 1, 2, Hn. 3, 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, 3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timp., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, Perc. 3, Perc. 4, Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vlc., and Cbs. The score is presented in a standard musical notation format with staves and clefs.

220 221 222 223

220 221 222 223

Picc.								
Fl. 1								
Fl. 2		4			3	4	6	
Ob.		4			4	4	4	
E. Hn.								
E♭ Cl. 1								
B♭ Cl. 1, 2								
B. Cl.								
Bsn. 1, 2								
C. Bn.								
Hn. 1, 2		4			3	4	6	
Hn. 3, 4		4			4	4	4	
C Tpt. 1								
C Tpt. 2, 3								
Tbn. 1								
Tbn. 2, 3								
Tuba 1, 2								
Timp.		4			3	4	6	
Perc. 1		4			4	4	4	
Perc. 2								
Perc. 3								
Perc. 4								
Vln. I		4			3	4	6	
Vln. II		4			4	4	4	
Vla.		4			4	4	4	
Vlc.								
Cbs.								
	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231

Movement II

[illegible]

246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256

G

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for a large ensemble, including various woodwinds, brass, and strings. The instruments listed on the left include Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob., E. Hn., Eb Cl. 1, Bb Cl. 1, 2, B. Cl., Bsn. 1, 2, C. Bn., Hn. 1, 2, Hn. 3, 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, 3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timp., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, Perc. 3, Perc. 4, Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vlc., and Cbs.

The score is written in 3/4 time, as indicated by the large "3/4" time signature in the center. The music is in a key with one sharp (F#), likely D major or B minor. The score includes various dynamic markings such as *mp* (mezzo-piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *f* (forte). There are also markings for *pizz.* (pizzicato) and *poco f* (poco forte).

The score is divided into measures, with some measures containing multiple staves for different instruments. The page number "259" is visible at the bottom left, and the page number "261" is visible at the bottom right.

The image displays a musical score for three systems, each consisting of three staves. The time signatures for the systems are 3/4, 5/4, and 4/4, indicated by large numbers at the top of each system. The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano). The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes and rests placed on the staves. The first system (3/4) shows a melody in the top staff and a bass line in the bottom staff. The second system (5/4) features a more complex rhythmic pattern. The third system (4/4) includes a melody in the top staff and a bass line in the bottom staff. The score is presented in a clean, black-and-white format, typical of a musical manuscript.

276

37

poco accel.

Picc. *poco f* *n*

Fl. 1 *poco f* *p* *mf*

Fl. 2 *poco f* *p* *mf*

Ob. *poco f* *p* *mf*

E. Hn. *poco f* *n*

E♭ Cl. 1 *poco f* *n*

B♭ Cl. 1, 2 *poco f* *n*

B. Cl. *poco f* *n*

Bsn. 1, 2 *poco f* *n* *mf*

C. Bn. *poco f* *n* *mf*

Hn. 1, 2 *a 2.* *mf*

Hn. 3, 4 *a 2.* *mf*

C Tpt. 1 *mf* *straight mute*

C Tpt. 2, 3 *mf* *straight mute*

Tbn. 1 *mf*

Tbn. 2, 3 *a 2.* *mf*

Tuba 1, 2 *a 2.* *mf*

Timp. *mf*

Perc. 1 *mf*

Perc. 2 *poco f*

Perc. 3 *poco f*

Perc. 4

Vln. I *poco f* *p* *mf*

Vln. II *poco f* *p* *mf*

Vla. *poco f* *n*

Vlc. *poco f* *arco* *mf*

Cbs. *poco f* *arco* *mf*

282 *poco f* 283 *mf* 284 285 286 287 288 289

a tempo

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

attaca

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

1

Cbs.

2

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

♩ = 60

Movement III

322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331

*Players are not together. Play any pitch. Tempo is fast to slow.
Wavy line indicates performer should continue to slow until the line ends.

♩. = ♩ = 98

44

350

351

352

353

This page of a musical score, likely from a symphony, features a variety of instruments and their parts. The instruments listed on the left include Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob. 1, Ob., E. Hn., E♭ Cl. 1, B♭ Cl. 1, 2, B. Cl., Bsn. 1, 2, C. Bn., Hn. 1, 2, Hn. 3, 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, 3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, 3, Tuba 1, 2, Timp., Perc. 1, Perc. 2, Perc. 3, Perc. 4, Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vlc., and Cbs. The score is written in 4/4 time and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (e.g., *f*, *n*, *mp*, *p*, *ff*). Performance instructions like "Brake Drum w/ Sticks", "Crash Cymbals", "Tam-tam", and "flutter tongue" are also present. The page is numbered 360, 361, 362, 363, and 364 at the bottom. Large numbers 5 and 4 are visible on the right side of the page, possibly indicating the movement or section of the work.

[illegible]

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

Es Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

400

401

402

403

404

405

Cymbal Roll on Head of Timpani

Congas

Woodblocks High and Low

n

mf

f

mp

unis.

Picc.
 Fl. 1
 Fl. 2
 Ob.
 E. Hn.
 Eb Cl. 1
 Bb Cl. 1, 2
 B. Cl.
 Bsn. 1, 2
 C. Bn.
 Hn. 1, 2
 Hn. 3, 4
 C Tpt. 1
 C Tpt. 2, 3
 Tbn. 1
 Tbn. 2, 3
 Tuba 1, 2
 Timp.
 Perc. 1
 Perc. 2
 Perc. 3
 Perc. 4
 Vln. I
 Vln. II
 Vla.
 Vlc.
 Cbs.

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

440

Picc.
 Fl. 1
 Fl. 2
 Ob.
 E. Hn.
 E♭ Cl. 1
 B♭ Cl. 1, 2
 B. Cl.
 Bsn. 1, 2
 C. Bn.
 Hn. 1, 2
 Hn. 3, 4
 C Tpt. 1
 C Tpt. 2, 3
 Tbn. 1
 Tbn. 2, 3
 Tuba 1, 2
 Timp.
 Perc. 1
 Perc. 2
 Perc. 3
 Perc. 4
 Vln. I
 Vln. II
 Vla.
 Vlc.
 Cbs.

441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. Hn.

E♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 1, 2

B. Cl.

Bsn. 1, 2

C. Bn.

Hn. 1, 2

Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2, 3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2, 3

Tuba 1, 2

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Perc. 3

Perc. 4

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vlc.

Cbs.

454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461

BIOGRAPHY

Neil Anderson-Himmelpach (b. 1976) has been playing bass professionally since the age of 17. After playing in many rock bands and working as a studio musician for several years, he chose to become serious about music composition. While playing in bands and working in the studios, he received his Bachelors of Music in Composition from Pacific Lutheran University in 1999. At PLU he studied with Dr. Gregory Youtz and David P. Robbins. Neil received his masters in music composition from Central Michigan University in May 2006. At CMU he studied with Dr. David Gillingham and Dr. José Luis-Maúrtua. Additionally, in 2005 Neil studied with Ladislav Kubik in Prague, at the Czech-American Summer Music Institute. Neil received his doctoral degree in music composition at Florida State University, where he received the Graduate Teaching Fellowship for the 2006-2007 school year. His teaching duties at FSU included freshman and sophomore theory and aural skills and a composition studio. Neil received the FSU Outstanding Teaching Assistant award for the 2007-2008 school year. At FSU he studied composition with Ladislav Kubik and Mark Wingate. Neil has also taken composition lessons with Pulitzer Prize winning composer, Ellen Taaffe Zwilich. Neil has had his music played throughout the United States and Europe. His composition for solo alto saxophone, *Vanguard*, was a featured piece at the 2006 World Saxophone Congress. In 2007 his *Symphony No. 1* was performed at the Southwest Regional College Band Directors Association conference in Kansas City. His published works include *Salvador Dreams*, a euphonium concerto with wind band accompaniment, and *Vanguard*.